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SANTA BARBARA, CAL.

Garbage and Refuse—Care and Disposal. (Ord. 857, Apr. 2, 1915.)

Section 1. The word "rubbish" within the meaning of this ordinance is all refuse paper, pasteboard, rags, matresses, worn-out furniture, bottles, straw, excelsior, floor sweepings, old metal, packing boxes, barrels and broken parts thereof, tin cans, and all other refuse, except garbage; and the word "garbage" within the meaning of this ordinance is all refuse accumulation consisting of animal matter, fruit or vegetable matter, fish, fowls, fluids, and all preparations for cooking, and all other matter offensive to the sense of smell, or to health.

Sec. 2. It is hereby made unlawful for any person occupying any premises within said city of Santa Barbara to allow or permit the accumulation of any rubbish upon such premises, or to allow any garbage, within the meaning of this ordinance, to be or remain upon such premises not confined in tin cans or other receptacles to be provided by such person and approved by the health officer of said city; or for any person to engage in the business of collecting or removing rubbish or garbage within said city without first having a license so to do from the health officer of said city; or for any person to deposit any rubbish within said city in any other place or places than the said health officer may designate.

SEC. 3. Any person desiring a license to engage in the business of collecting and removing rubbish and garbage within said city shall apply to the health officer in writing for the same, and it shall be the duty of said health officer to issue to such applicant, free of charge, a license for such purpose, who shall revoke the same if such person holding such license shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance.

SEC. 4. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$5, nor more than \$50, or by imprisonment in the jail of said city for not less than 5 days, nor more than 30 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SCRANTON, PA.

Milk and Cream—Must be Sold in Original Containers. (Ord. Feb. 9, 1915.)

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation, or any agent, managing officer, or employee thereof, to sell, offer, or expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell, in any store, market, lunch room, hotel, saloon, restaurant, or other place where milk is sold or offered for sale, any fresh milk, buttermilk, skimmed milk, or cream, unless the same is in original containers, plainly marked as such, and with the name of the dealer who supplied the same. The word "dealer" as used in this ordinance means any person, firm, or corporation supplying or furnishing in original containers at wholesale or retail, fresh milk, buttermilk, skimmed milk, or cream to others selling or offering the same for sale as aforesaid.

Sec. 2. Any person violating the provisions of this ordinance shall, upon conviction before the mayor or police magistrate of the city of Scranton, be fined not less than \$5 and not more than \$20, and in default of the payment of such fine it shall be the duty of the said mayor or such magistrate to commit every such person having been convicted as aforesaid to the county jail of Lackawanna County, there to be imprisoned until such fine shall be paid, not exceeding, however, a period of 20 days.

Places of Public Amusement-Cleaning and Disinfection. (Ord. Mar. 30, 1915.)

Section 1. That after the passage of this ordinance and its approval by the mayor, it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation, or any agent, managing officer, or employee thereof to operate or permit to be operated within the